THE ROLE OF EDUCATION OF ISLAMIC EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS ON RELIGIOUS MODERATION IN THE COMMUNITY OF PERBUTULAN VILLAGE, SUB-DISTRICT, SUMBER, CIREBON DISTRICT

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Keywords
Education, Moderation, Religion

Abstract
Islamic educational institutions are places that can help people instill and develop Islamic teachings and values. In Islamic teachings, there is a teaching of moderatism that teaches a middle position or can be said to be not fanatical or excessive in thinking and acting. The education of Islamic education institutions in the village of Perbutulan plays a role in moderate religious education, influencing changes in social and religious behavior in community life as well as on priority fiqh problems that exist in the village of Perbutulan. As well as the role of Islamic education institutions in the attitudes of the people of the village Perbutulan towards differences in views between fellow Islamic educational institutions. The method used in this research is descriptive qualitative method by collecting data through interviews with those involved in Islamic education institutions and filling out online questionnaires to the community per month. The role of Islamic education institutions in the village towards religious moderation is as an introduction that in religion one has to respect one another, practice religion according to the guidance of the Al-Qur’an and the Sunnah. The Forestry Society does not argue over the differences between fiqh that exist in the community Perbutulan. With the existence of Islamic education institutions in Perbutulan can help people in carrying out daily life with religious knowledge that has been taught.

Introduction

Religion is a belief held by humans who are believed to be able to bring benefit and happiness in this world and in the hereafter. Religion is influential in all aspects of human life including politics, economy, education,
industry, environment and so on (Nasrudin, 2018). Religion is a major role in life that will never die. In embracing Religion, there are some religious followers who express religion excessively (Saihu, 2019). Understanding of religion is carried out textually, therefore religion is expressed based on the text as it is without interpretation or interpretation in a holistic manner. Extreme understanding of religion or excessive understanding when applied to the public space does not care about inclusive values that are egalitarian and moderate.

Therefore, communication conflicts between religions are inevitable and fellow religions will have different sects. And it cannot be avoided that excessive expression in religion has also entered the world of education (Akhmadi, 2019). The lack of knowledge about religion among students today can easily be influenced by external understandings. Minimal understanding of religion is also motivated by the existence of gadgets in society (Hanafi, 2018). Without realizing it, groups that have an extreme understanding of Islam use the media that is developing today as a tool to carry out doctrines to attract the attention of sympathizers (Iqsan, 2020).

In this digital era, it has an impact on changing values in society, one form of visible value change is the weak attitude of mutual respect between community groups and religious communities (Effendi, 2020). Islamic Education Institutions are places that can help people instill and develop Islamic teachings and values (Fitriana, 2021). People who are predominantly Muslim certainly expect to be a good Muslim, who can then create a Muslim community that has broad insights and has an understanding of the nature of their religious beliefs. Abu Yazid states that Islam is a universal religion, in this case it is closely related to a wasaty or moderate attitude, both in terms of worship or muamalah, which is one of the characteristics of Islamic preaching (Kosasih, 2019).

In Islamic teachings there is a teaching of moderatism which teaches a middle position or can be said to be not fanatical or excessive in thinking and acting. The teachings of moderatism emphasize the importance of balance in the understanding and experience of Islam, teach inclusiveness, strengthen ties, tolerance and peace and Islam as rahmatan lil 'alamin (Khotimah, 2020).

Perbutulan Village is one of the sub-districts located in Sumber sub-district which has several Islamic education institutions including MI Alwashliyah Perbutulan, Al Ikhlash Islamic Boarding School, Al Fatah Islamic Boarding.
School and Kampung Damai Islamic Boarding School. The difference between the two adjoining cottages is the teaching method and curriculum used. The Kampung Damai Islamic boarding school refers to the Gontor curriculum which refers to foreign languages such as Arabic and English and understand modern Islam, while in Al Fatah Islamic boarding school learning refers more to tahsin, tahfidz and the study of yellow books and understanding salaf.

The objectives of this study are 1) To identify and describe the role of education of Islamic education institutions in Perbutulan on moderation in society; 2) Knowing the religious behavior in society and the different views of fiqh; 3) Knowing and describing people's attitudes towards diversity as a manifestation of the success of Islamic education in Perbutulan Village.

The theoretical benefit of the results of this research can be used as a source of insight in the realm of science regarding how Islamic Education Institutions play a role in the concept of moderate community diversity. For the practical benefit of students, this study can provide information on the importance of religious moderation. For the community, this research can provide information about the existence of Islamic educational institutions in religious moderation. For the government, this research can help the village government to make policies for the community in matters of education and religion in the Perbutulan village, Sumber sub-district, Cirebon district in the context of implementing religious moderation.

Method Research

The research method used in this research is qualitative research. This study aims to analyze the educational role of the Islamic Education Institution on religious moderation in the community of Perbutulan Village. Before conducting the research, the researcher first formulates the focus of research that is still temporary and will develop after the researcher goes directly to the field or the object of research, so that the researcher understands better the symptoms that are still not clearly observed become clearer after being investigated (Sugiyono, 2019).

Result and Discussion

Islam has various dimensions, one of which is the dimension of teaching or doctrine (Madjid, 1992). This is the main foothold in the development of Islam in society. There are two interrelated patterns, namely the doctrinal pattern and the discursive pattern (Jinan, 2013). The doctrinal pattern

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idealizes the strength of its internal objectivity structure and in the context of doctrine, Islamic education forms a religious identity that ensures the continuity of the substance, function and role of religion for its adherents. It is better if the discursive pattern idealizes the strength of its external rationality structure and in the context of Islamic education it forms religious rationality which ensures the uprightness of the construction of arguments on the substance, function and role of religion for society.

This continues to shape the identity of Islamic educational institutions both formal and non-formal in an effort to maintain and become the source and process of inspiring Islamic dynamics in society. In Indonesia, Islamic education begins with a tradition of learning from scholars who are generally traders who brought Islam to Indonesia (Azra, 2017).

The students came to the teacher to find out and get knowledge about Islam, then continued in the form of boarding school education which later became the classroom system introduced by the Dutch colonialists. Islamic teachings are guidance and guidance for its adherents in carrying out life, both in human relations with fellow humans, human relations with nature, and humans with God. In the realm of growth and development of understanding of Islam from time to time has become the main ideal. This Islamic ideal is a vision and mission that is an inspiration for Islamic thinkers to be able to interpret and realize the meaning of these Islamic ideals (Nashuddin, 2020).

Education is the most effective intermediary to instill and provide an understanding or ideology. Therefore, education is the right choice in disseminating and instilling Islamic moderation values. Educational institutions are the main media to introduce a tolerant, friendly and moderate Islam. According to Muhammad Ali, moderate Islamic ideology is instilled with a multiculturalist prularis education model, knowledge of pluralist-multiculturalists is a fundamental religious education for students to be able to respect differences, respect each other, be communicative, open, and not be suspicious of each other in increasing faith and piety. Pluralist-multiculturalist education teaches students to be religiously obedient, without eliminating their respective religions, which is displayed with moderate and friendly religious education (Hermawan, 2020).

Madaniyah education which teaches about trade such as wages, pawning which aims to process property or individual rights; Jana’iyah education is education related to crimes or punishments for violations committed,
which aims to preserve human life, whether regarding property, honor, or the rights of other individuals; Murafa'at education is education related to events such as trials, witnesses, and oaths that aim to uphold justice among community members; Dusturiyah education is education related to state laws regulating the relationship between the people and the government with the aim of national stability; Duwaliyah education or education which teaches about Islamic state governance, non-Islamic state governance, areas of peace, and areas of war and Muslim relations in other countries that aim at world peace; Iqtishadiyah education is education that is related to the individual and state economy, the relationship between the poor and the rich which aims to balance and equalize income.

Jalaludin revealed that Islamic education is an effort to foster and develop human capabilities optimally based on the Islamic law conveyed by the Prophet with all his activities to create an ideal, safe, secure, prosperous and quality Islamic life as well as a guarantee of happiness in the world and the hereafter. Oderasi Islamic education or religious moderation can be interpreted as an effort to maintain and develop human nature and human resources by practicing Islam absolutely / correctly and recognizing the existence of other parties, tolerance, mutual respect for differences of opinion, and not imposing a will by force and respecting plurality and willingness to interact as well as wise and polite religious expressions (Karim, 2019)

In Arabic, the word moderate is known as al-wasathiyah which is in the Al-Quran Surah Al-Baqarah verse 143 which means the best and the most perfect. In the hadith it is also stated that the best possible problem is that which is in the middle of the word lin when solving a problem or problem. Moderate Islam takes a compromise or discussion approach and acts fairly or acts as a mediator, also in responding to differences, both religious differences and schools of thought.

Moderate Islam highly upholds tolerance, mutual respect, while still believing in the truth of the beliefs of each religion and school of thought. That way all parties can accept sincerely without any anarchist action. According to Hashim Kamali, moderation cannot be separated from two keys, namely balance and justice. Moderation does not mean following the basic principles (ushuliyah) of religious teachings that are believed to be tolerant towards people of other religions. Moderation is a core teaching in Islam.
Religious moderation is understood as a religious attitude that is fair and balanced between the practice of one's own religion (exclusive) and respect for the practices of other religions with different beliefs (inclusive). By implementing religious moderation, this is a solution to avoid extreme or excessive attitudes in expressing religion, fanatics and revolutionary attitudes in religion. Religious moderation is an important thing in creating tolerance and harmony, both at the local, national and global levels (Sutrisno, 2019).

Around 1977 there was an educational institution in the Perbutulan village which started at the elementary school level (SD) called SD Impres, for further education some of the community went to junior high schools located outside the Perbutulan village. Before the existence of formal education institutions, the people of Perbutulan formed the Compulsory Education Community (MWB), whose system was moving around using empty buildings to be used as classes. Over time, several educational institutions that taught Islamic teachings emerged, which of course had an effect on the Perbutulan people, all of whom adhered to Islam. From early childhood education (KOBER and TK), Al-Quran Education Park (TPA), Madrasah Ibtidaiyah (MI), Integrated Islamic Elementary School (SD-IT), Integrated Islamic Junior High School (SMP-IT) and Islamic Boarding Schools. These Islamic education institutions are housed in foundations based on Islamic teachings.

The existence of several Islamic educational institutions in Perbutulan affects the understanding of each community about the religion they adhere to. The teaching of Islam is delivered by a variety of different methods in each Islamic education institution in the Perbutulan village. As in the Islamic boarding school for the village of peace, in 1995 the boarding school began to be actively operating. The boarding school for a peaceful village has early childhood education called Kober kampung peace. The teaching method in this peaceful village cottage boarding school refers to the practice of dhuha prayer.

The next Islamic education institution in Perbutulan is the foundation for caring for the al-Ikhlas community. This foundation cares for the people was founded in 2010 which is led by KH. Abdul Jalil who is also active in leading the ta'lim assembly in Perbutulan sub-district. Initially this foundation was an Islamic education institution which later formed a foundation which later established institutions such as TK, TPA, DTA and SD-IT. The total number of students at the Al-Ikhlas Care Foundation is
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around 367 children, most of whom are residents of the village of Perbutulan and a total of 32 teachers.

There are two methods used in the existing learning methods at the Gontor pesantren, the learning used also does not apply formal learning as in educational institutions in general, but follows the PKBM or equality program, which is based on the PKBM Kemantern. The age of the santri who lodges in this pesantren is around the age of 12-21 years or equivalent to grade 1 SMP to grade 3 SMA. The routine activity carried out by the students is the application and memorization of Arabic and English vocabulary, this is aimed at making the students fluent in foreign languages which is the practice of habituation at the Kampung Damai Islamic boarding school.

The relationship between this Islamic boarding school and the community is with the holding of recitation activities that are routinely carried out every two times a week, and recitation which is carried out every morning with the guardians of the KOBER trainees in Kampung Damai. In a peaceful village Islamic boarding school, the santri wajin study for 6 years then continue to serve for 1 year at the boarding school as one of the requirements for graduation. The application of religious moderation in this pesantren is carried out by respecting one another.

Then the Al-Fatah Islamic boarding school, which is not far from the Kampung Damai Islamic boarding school, is also a development of the Kampung Damai Islamic boarding school. According to the director of the Al-Fatah Islamic boarding school, this pesantren is still relatively new. This Islamic boarding school was founded on the Fathatul Hidayah foundation which includes Fathatul Hidayah Kindergarten and Fathatul Hidayah Middle School, which have been registered with the Cirebon district education office. In the Al-Fatah Islamic boarding school in the 2020-2021 school year there are 30 students from grade 7 to grade 9.

Al-Fatah Islamic boarding school is a boarding school that uses the tahfidz method and adheres to the salaf concept. There are seven permanent teachers including the boarding school caretakers and there are community service teachers who are given the task of teaching in SMP and Kindergarten as well as the care section. In learning the students are targeted to memorize the Al-Quran at least 4 juz per year. In keeping the memorization of the students routinely following sima'an activities, each student can continue their memorization after memorizing 1 juz on
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c_condition that they continue the verses read randomly by Asatidz and read the correct Al-Quran (tahsin). Not only students who take part in the sima’an program, local residents are also involved in the activity once a week. The books studied by students here include: Safinatunnajah, Aqidatul ‘awwam, fathul qarib, ta’lim muta’allim, tajwid, bulughul maram, and several other books.

This institution has implemented an attitude of tolerance by respecting one another, introducing religious moderation to students so that they are ready when in society, teachers play a role in directing their students to become mediators and have mutual respect and respect and carry out sunatullah such as prayer habituation congregation and learning, namely the Ummi method for DTA students and the Iqra method for SD-IT and kindergarten. On Saturdays and Sundays, the foundation cares for the people of Al-Ikhlas conducts training for the Quranic superstition and recites the yellow book and reads the Koran at the time after Maghrib before Isha. In learning at this foundation, prayer is emphasized. In the application of religious moderation in Islamic educational institutions, the foundation cares for the Al-Ikhlas community, namely being fair and not having fanatical behavior and in practice always upholding the same goals in instilling Islamic teachings and always maintaining friendship between people.

In the village of Perbutulan there is also an Islamic education institution, the Al-Washliyah Foundation, which consists of Raudhatul Athfal (RA) and Madrasah Ibtida’iyah (MI). Al-Washliyah itself is an Islamic religious organization based in Medan, and its teaching methods are guided by the Sunnah wal Jamaah. MI Al-Washliyah was founded on February 14, 1981 with No. 32-10.09 / MI-064/2010 (SK Ijin Operasional) by Jalan Fatahillah No. 20 Village Perbutulan Cirebon Regency, Tel. (0231) 323834 Postal code 45613. Furthermore, MI Al Washliyah Perbutulan was built in the Sumber District area with the location of the land belonging to the Al Jam’iyyatul Washliyah foundation with an area of 1120 M. Now MI Al Washliyah is led by Mr. Sulaiman Hakim, S.Pd.I.

The development of the condition of the personnel (teachers, employees and students) has changed for the better every year, which is marked by the number and quality of teachers who are getting adequate, the number of employees is sufficient and the capacity and discipline of students are getting better. Likewise, the facilities and infrastructure have developed.
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quite significantly, namely the increasing number of local learning, student co-operation, UKS, and prayer rooms are available.

With these conditions, MI Al Washliyah Perbutulan has obtained various achievements, both academic, non-academic and overall schooling (school performance). The vision and mission of MI Al Washliyah Perbutulan is the realization of a superior school with Islamic, intellectual and loving characteristics. by carrying out Islamic basic education that is able to shape Islamic character, intellectualism, and love for the country. The application of religious moderation at MI Al-Washliyah is that students and teachers respect each other and apply the values of religious tolerance. In the application of sunatullah, the residents of MI Al-Washliyah apply the habit of praying in congregation and praying dhuha.

The implementation of the gathering is carried out monthly recitation which is organized by the foundation. Likewise with RA Al-Washliyah who also instilled an attitude of tolerance from an early age. In RA Perbutulan using the tilawati method. Learning in RA is adjusted to the theme. For religious activities such as santri day, students are invited to visit the Islamic boarding schools, so that the children know about the lives of the students in the pesantren. The implementation of sunatullah in RA Al-Washliyah is like getting used to performing Duha prayers. The teachers and guardians also make it a habit to recite 1 juz 1 week of recitation.

The results of filling out questionnaires and interviews with the community regarding the role of Islamic Education Institutions in religious moderation in the Perbutulan village are shown in the following presentation table:

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public knowledge about the importance of religious moderation</td>
<td>90%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Islamic education, especially Islamic boarding schools, can improve the quality of education in Perbutulan villages</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The existence of Islamic education institutions makes it easier for people to learn Islam</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The social activities of the Islamic Education Institute in Perbutulan are very helpful for the surrounding community</td>
<td>85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Islamic education institutions, especially Islamic boarding schools, involve the community in religious events</td>
<td>85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Islamic education institutions have an effect on the religious knowledge of the community in Perbutulan Village</td>
<td>85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community participation in activities held by Islamic education institutions in the Perbutulan village</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The existence of Islamic educational institutions is unsettling for residents</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public doubts about the quality of graduates of Islamic education institutions in the world of work</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public interest in studying at Islamic educational institutions</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The table above shows that the role of education in Islamic education institutions affects the importance of religious moderation in the Perbutulan village. People can respect and respect each other, and not impose their will in religion.

**Conclusion**

The role of education of Islamic educational institutions in the Perbutulan community in terms of moderation is as an introduction that in religion one must be able to respect one another, practice religion in accordance with the guidance of the Al-Quran and sunnah. In terms of differences in views,
the issue of fiqh is not something that must be debated, everything is done on the basis of the understanding and belief of each individual, and always prioritizes obligatory things over those that are sunnah. The attitude of society with the existence of this Islamic education institution in Perbutulan helps the community in carrying out daily life with religious knowledge that has been taught by Islamic education institutions in Perbutulan.

References


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